

MIND MAP

The force with which earth pulls the objects towards it is called the gravitational force of earth or gravity.

The uniform acceleration produced in a freely falling body due to the gravitational force of the earth is known as acceleration due to gravity.

$$g = 9.8 \text{ m / s}^2$$

Newton's law of gravitation states that every object in the universe attracts every other object with a certain force which is directly proportional to the product of their masses and inversely proportional to the square of the distance between them $F = G \frac{m_1 \times m_2}{R^2}$

Equation of motion for freely falling bodies

$$v = u + gt$$

$$h = ut + \frac{1}{2}gt^2$$

'G' is the universal gravitational constant whose value is equal to $6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ Nm}^2 / \text{kg}^2$.

The weight of a body is the force with which it is attracted towards the earth.

Relative density of a substance is the ratio of density of substance to that of water.

Archimedes' principle states that when a body is partially or wholly immersed in a liquid, it experiences an upthrust which is equal to weight of liquid displaced by the object.

The falling of a body from a height towards the earth under the gravitational force of earth is called free fall.

Density of a substance is mass per unit volume. Its unit is (g/cm^3) or (kg/m^3)

Mass of a body is the quantity of matter contained in it.

$$\text{Pressure} = \frac{\text{Force}}{\text{Area}}$$