

1. What is  $18^{\text{th}}$  term of the sequence defined by  $a_n = \frac{n(n-3)}{n+4}$

2. Write the A.P., when the first term  $a$  is 10 and common difference  $d$  is 10.

3. For the following A.P.'s write the first term and the common difference:

(i)  $3, 1, -1, -3, \dots$       (ii)  $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{9}{3}, \frac{13}{3}, \dots$       (iii)  $0.6, 1.7, 2.8, \dots$

4. Find the  $18^{\text{th}}$  term and  $n^{\text{th}}$  term for the sequence  $7, 4, 1, -2, -5, \dots$

5. Which term of the A.P.  $7, 12, 17, \dots$  is 87?

6. Find the  $5^{\text{th}}$  term from the end of the AP,  $17, 14, 11, \dots, -40$

7. If  $2x, x+10, 3x+2$  are in A.P., find the value of  $x$ .

8. If the numbers  $a, b, c, d, e$  form an A.P., then find the value of  $a - 4b + 6c - 4d + e$ .

9. Find the sum of the first

(i) 100 natural numbers      (ii)  $n$  natural numbers.

10. If the sum of 7 term of an A.P. is 49 and that of 17 term is 289, find the sum of  $n$  terms.